Weld On #3 Material Safety Data Sheet

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. A&C Plastics, Inc. urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet.

SECTION I

CHEMICAL NAME and FAMILY TRADE NAME:

Mixture of Organic Solvents WELD-ON 3 For Acrylics

FORMULA: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

One of the ingredients listed below is listed as							DUPONT
a carcinogen (‡) by the IARC and/or NTP	CAS#	APPROX %	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL	AEL#
Methylene Chloride (‡)	75-09-2	80 - 95*	50 PPM		25 PPM	125 PPM	
Dimethyl Glutarate	1119-40-0	1 - 15	NE	NE	NE	NE	1.5 PPM
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	80-62-6	1- 5	100 PPM		100 PPM		

Dupont mfg's Acceptable Exposure Limit (AEL) guidelines for 8 hour TWA,

All of the constituents of Weld-On adhesive products are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing.

*Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

PROPOSITION 65 NOTICE

This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer.

This material is an aspiration hazard and defats the skin. The ingredients are toxic by inhalation and ingestion and may be absorbed through the skin. Exposure by these routes may cause central nervous system depression, liver and kidney damage and may sensitize the heart muscle. Methylene Chloride may interfere with the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood. Methylene Chloride is a possible human cancer hazard based on test results with laboratory animals. Methylene Chloride has been listed as a potential carcinogen by IARC and NTP. Methylene Chloride is not believed to pose a measureable risk to man when handled as recommended. Under some Under some circumstances, mutagenic changes have been observed with Methyl Methacrylate in animal studies. Precautions should be taken to avoid unnecesary exposure to this cement.

BULK SHIPPING INFORMATION / CONTAINERS LARGER THAN ONE GALLON

DOT Shipping Name:	Dichloromethane		HMIS	NFPA	HAZARD RATING
DOT Hazard Class:	6.1	HEALTH:	3	2	0 - MINIMAL
Identification Number:	UN 1593	FLAMMABILITY:	1	1	1 - SLIGHT
Packaging Group:	III	REACTIVITY:	0	0	2 - MODERATE
Label Required:	Toxic (Domestic and International)	PROTECTIVE			3 - SERIOUS
		EQUIPMENT:	B - H		4 - SEVERE

SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR CONTAINERS LESS THAN ONE GALLON

DOT Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity

DOT Hazard Class: ORM-D

EQUIPMENT:	В-Н	4 - SEVE
B = Eye, Hand/Skin Protection	(Normal use or application	& small spill

SPECIAL HAZARD DESIGNATIONS

clean-up activities)

H = Eye, Hand/Skin and Respiratory Protection plus Impermeable Apron (When risk of immersion, dipping and/or splashing is present)

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE	ODOR	BOILING POINT (F/C)
Clear, thin liquid	Characteristic odor of chlorinated solvents	104年 (40℃) Based on first boiling component:
		Methylene Chloride
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 73°F ± 3.6° (23°C ± 2°)	VAPOR P RESSURE (mm Hg.)	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)
Typical 1.33 ± 0.040	355 mm Hg. @ 68°F (20°C) based on first boiling	100%
	component, Methylene Chloride	
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1)	EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC = 1)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER
2.93 based on Methylene Chloride	Approx. 14.5 based on Methylene Chloride	Slightly miscible

VOC STATEMENT: Maximum VOC emissions as applied and tested per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A: <250 Grams/Liter (g/l).

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT	FLAMMABLE LIMITS		
NONE	(Percent by Volume)	N/A	N/A

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Water may be an ineffective extinguishing agent.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

The use of a SCBA is recommended for fire fighters. Water spray may be useful in minimizing vapors and cooling containers exposed to heat and flame. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Avoid hot surfaces and other sources of ignition.

Sheet 1 of 2 Ød-T-05



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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA									
PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:	X	Inhalation	Х	Skin Contact		_Eye Contact			_ Ingestion
EFFECT OF OVEREXPOS	SURE								
ACUTE: Inhalation:	heart beats).	Can cause irrit	ation of eye		ages. Expos	sure to high cond			arrhythmias (irregular d's ability to transport oxygen.
Skin Contact:							atitis, rash, ito	ching, swelling.	May be absorbed through
Eye Contact: Ingestion:		xic. Irritant to c		vith corneal or co					nay irritate eyes. e vomiting and obtain prompt
CHRONIC:									
Inhalation	this material is an aspiration hazard and defats the skin. The ingredients are toxic by inhalation and ingestion and may be absorbed through the skin. Exposure through these routes may cause central nervous system depression, liver and kidney damage and may sensitize the heart muscle. Methylene Chloride may interfere with the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood. Methylene Chloride is a possible human cancer based on test results with laboratory animals. Methylene Chloride has been listed as a potential carcinogen by IARC and NTP. Methylene Chloride is not believed to pose a measureable risk to man when handled as recommended. Under some circumstances, mutagenic changes have been observed with Methyl Methacrylate in animal studies. Precautions should be taken to avoid unnecesary exposure to this cement.							and may sensitize the heart a possible human cancer based ad NTP. Methylene Chloride is autagenic changes have been e to this cement.	
Ingestion									ene Chloride exposure. RGISTIC PRODUCTS
REPRODUCTIVE EFFECT N. AP.		GENICITY I DSS.	N. AP.		SS.		JN 10 PROI I. AP.	JUCI SYNE	N. AV.
MEDICAL CONDITIONS A								h pre-existing of	
liver or kidney may have ir	creased susce	ptibility to the t							·
EMERGENCY AND FIRST									
Inhalation:	immediately.			0 11 70		•	tning is aiffic	uit, give oxygei	n. Contact physician
Eye Contact: Skin Contact:				er for 15 minutes ve contaminated			r clothing bef	ore reuse. If in	ritation develops, get medical
Ingestion:		asses of water	or milk. Do	not induce vom				ter immediately	<i>J</i> .
						REACTIV			
STABILITY UNSTABLE STABLE		X		DNS TO AVOID: fire, heat, sparks				•	andling. Avoid contact or exause thermal decomposition.
INCOMPATIBILITY									
(MATERIALS TO AVOID) HAZARDOUS DECOMPO	SITION PRODU	UCTS							
This product gives out carb HAZARDOUS	on monoxide (0 MAY OCCU		oxide (COD)	, Phosgene gas		pon combustion NS TO AVOID	or contact w	ith reactive me	tals.
POLYMERIZATION	WILL NOT C			X			ks. open flam	ne and other so	urces of ignition.
			N VII -	SPILL OF					
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN	CASE MATER	IAL IS RELEA	SED OR SP	PILLED					
Evacuate area, ventilate ar and place in closed contain heating and/or air condition	ers for disposa	ıl. Avoid contaı	mination of $\mathfrak q$	ground and surfa	ce waters. D				
	sent to a licens								I waste management facility.
Follow local, State and Fed									pert.
			VIII - S	PECIAL I	ROIE	CHONIN	IFORINI	ATION	
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type) Atmospheric levels should be maintained below established exposure limits contained in Section II. If airborne concentrations exceed those limits, use of a NIOSH									
approved positive-pressure, full-facepiece SCBA or positive-pressure, full-facepiece supplied air respirator (with an auxiliary positive pressure SCBA) is recommended.									
Even for emergency and other conditions where short term exposure guidelines may/may not be exceeded, use of an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is recommended.									
VENTILATION Use only with adequate ver	ntilation Do not	tuse in close c	marters or c	onfined snaces	Onen doors	and/or windows	s to ensure a	irflow and air cl	nanges. Use local exhaust
, ,			•		•				•
ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below 25 ppm TWA. Use only explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Monitoring should be performed to determine exposure level(s) IAW (in accordance with) 29 CFR 1910.1052.									
PROTECTIVE GLOVES PVA coated or Latex-Nitrile rubber. Surgical gloves or Splashproof chemical goggles, face shield, safety splashproof chemical goggles, splashproof c									
solvent resistant barrier creme should provide adequate protection in normal usage. glasses with brow guards and side shields, etc. as appropriate for exposure. OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES Impervious apron and a source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact.									
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS									
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING Store in a shaded place below 80°F (27°C). Keep a way from all sources of heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. Close container after each use. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Train employees on all special handling procedures before they work with this product.									
OTHER PRECAUTIONS Follow all precautionary infelectrically grounded.	ormation given	on container la	abel, produc	t bulletins and o	ur solvent cei	menting literature	e. All materia	ıl handling equi	pment should be
WARNING; The information contained herei thereof.				thern California's Souter, no warranty is ex				data or the result	s to be obtained from the use
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