1. Product Identification

10% SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Synonyms: chlorinating solution, swimming pool chlorine, a solution of chlorine in alkaline water, liquid chlorinizor

CAS Number: 7681-52-9

Product Name: SMART BRAND LIQUI-SHOCK, LIQUID CHLORINIZOR

Part Numbers: 00120, 02120, 05120, 55120, 15120

UPC Codes: 017926001202, 017926121207 (2 pack), 00017926151204, 10017926551209, 017926051201

Supplier GLN: 00179264004142

GTIN: 00179260012020 & 10017926021207 (2 pack I2 of 5)

2. Hazard Identification

GHS Classifications: Corrosive 1B, STOT-SE 3, Acute Aquatic 1; H314, H335, H400

Signal Word- DANGER!

Hazard Statement- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Very Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Physical Hazards- Corrosive to metals Category 1

Health Hazards- Skin corrosion/ irritation Category 1

Serious eye damage/ eye irritation Category 1

Specific Target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)

Environmental Hazards- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long term. Category 2

OSHA Defined Hazards- Not classified

Label Elements-

3. Product Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Percent (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Hypochlorite</td>
<td>7681-52-9</td>
<td>9 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-73-2</td>
<td>0.1 - 4.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>Balance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. First Aid Measures

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** In case of contact with liquid, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of flowing water for at least 15 minutes, while lifting upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

**NFPA 704 ratings:** Health 2  Flammability 0  Reactivity 1  Other Hazards: Corrosive

**Fire:** Not considered to be a fire hazard. Releases oxygen when heated, causing increased severity of an existing fire.

**Explosion:** Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

**Fire Extinguishing Media:** Water or water spray to cool fire exposed containers. Use any means to extinguish surrounding fire.

**Special Information:** In the event of fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), with full face shield, operated in positive pressure mode. Stay away from ends of tanks. Cool tanks and drums with water spray until well after fire is out.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Adequately ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), as specified in Section 8. Isolate area to keep unprotected personnel from entering. Stop the leak if possible. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Absorb spilled liquid with an inert material, such as vermiculite, sand, or earth and place recovered material in an approved, compatible chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials such as cardboard or saw dust as an absorbent. EPA regulations require reporting spills and releases to the soil, air and water, in excess of the reportable quantity (103.4 gallons of solution), to the National Response Center, telephone number 1-800-424-8802. Reporting to the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC) warning point and local authorities (911) is also required. Notify CHEMTREC, for specific information, in the event of any transportation related spills or leaks. (1-800-424-9300). See Section 13 of this MSDS for more information.

7. Handling and Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of sunlight, away from direct heat, water and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes. Observe all warnings and precautions stated on the container label. Wear personal protective equipment when handling, opening containers and using hypochlorite solutions.
8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>1 ppm as Cl₂(TWA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA STEL</td>
<td>3 ppm as Cl₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEEL (AIHA)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³, 15 minute TWA as Cl₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH TLV and TWA</td>
<td>0.5 ppm as Cl₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH STEL</td>
<td>1 ppm as Cl₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIOSH Immediately Dangerous Level (IDLH)</td>
<td>unavailable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ventilation: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep exposure below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into occupied areas.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved): If exposure limits are exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full face respirator, with an acid gas cartridge, may be worn up to 50 times the permissible exposure limit (PEL). For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use full face, positive pressure, air supplied respirator. WARNING, Air purifying respirators do not provide protection in oxygen deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection: Rubber or neoprene gloves and additional protection including impervious boots, apron, or coveralls, as needed in areas of unusual exposure to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick drench facilities (safety shower) in work areas.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Yellow to light green liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Bleach like odor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Infinitely soluble in water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.15 – 1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Volatile</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>180 oF decomposes slightly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>unavailable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>17.5 @ 68 F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>11 to 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>&lt; 1 (butyl acetate = 1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Slowly decomposes on contact with air. Decomposition rate increases with concentration and temperature. Exposure to sunlight accelerates decomposition. Sodium hypochlorite solutions become less toxic with age.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic chlorine fumes and will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic, corrosive fumes. Thermal decomposition results in the emission of chlorine oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Incompatibilities: Ammonia (chloramines gas may evolve), amines, ammonium salts, acids, methanol, cellulose, reducing agents, oxidizing metals, and bisulfates.
11. Toxicological Information
Acute Oral LD50 in rats: 8200 mg/kg
Acute dermal LD50 in rabbits: 10,000 mg/kg
Inhalation LC50 – no data
Not listed on the OSHA, NTP, ACGIH or IARC list of carcinogens or potential carcinogens.

12. Ecological Information
Environmental Fate: Degrades slowly to sodium chloride, sodium chlorate and oxygen.

Environmental Toxicity: Highly toxic to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal Considerations
In case of a spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Small quantities of spilled or unusable product should be diluted with water before disposal to a sanitary sewer (through toilet).

State and local disposal regulations may slightly differ from Federal regulations. Dispose of waste in a facility permitted for non-hazardous waste.

Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse container and place into trash or recycle bin where facilities accept pigmented white HDPE bottles.

Do not allow product to enter storm drains, lakes, streams or other bodies of water. Not harmful to septic systems.

14. Transport Information
Proper Shipping Name: 1.3 gallons, or less, is classified in accordance with DOT regulation 49 CFR 173.154, as; ORM-D, CONSUMER COMMODITY

Full Shipping Description: HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTIONS, 8, UN1791, PGIII (> 1.3 gal)

15. Regulatory Information
U.N GHS Classification & Labeling Information

Classification: Corrosive 1B
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)
Single Exposure 3
Acute Aquatic

Signal Word: Danger

H Statements: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335: May cause respiratory irritation
H401: Toxic to aquatic life

P Statements: P307+315: If exposed, get immediate medical attention.
P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273: Avoid release into the environment.
Regulated Ingredients:
Sodium Hypochlorite (CAS # 7681-52-9)
Sodium Hydroxide  (CAS # 1310-73-2)

OSHA Classification:
Physical Hazards: Reactivity  Health Hazards: Acute Health Hazard, Corrosive

TSCA Inventory Listed: All components are listed in TSCA inventory (40CFR 710)

CERLA RQ: 100 lbs. of sodium hypochlorite(103.4 gals of solution)
CERCLA Hazardous Material : yes

SARA Title III, Section 302: Not listed TPQ: N/A
SARA Title III, Section 311312: Acute Health Hazard
Acute: Yes  Chronic: No  Fire: No  Pressure: No  Reactivity: No

SARA Title III, Section 313: Not subject to Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting

RCRA Hazardous Waste: Not a listed Hazardous Waste. May be a D002 (characteristic corrosive) waste based upon pH value.

EPA Clean Air Act: Not a Listed Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP)
EPA Clean Water Act: Listed
EPA FIFRA: Registered as a pesticide

Canadian Regulatory Information
WHMIS Category: Class E Corrosive Material
Ingredient Disclosure List: Listed
Domestic Substances List (DSL): Listed

16. Other Information
Label Hazard Warning:
WARNING, HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CAUSES SUBSTANTIAL, BUT TEMPORARY, EYE INJURY.

Label Precautions: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep container closed when not in use. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Label First Aid: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

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